## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF UTAH

THOMAS AINSWORTH,

Petitioner,

ORDER TO AMEND DEFICIENT AMENDED PETITION

MEMORANDUM DECISION &

v.

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Case No. 2:17-CV-1205-RJS

STATE OF UTAH,

District Judge Robert J. Shelby

Respondent.

Petitioner, Thomas Ainsworth, an inmate at Utah State Prison, filed a *pro se* habeas-corpus petition. *See* 28 U.S.C.S. § 2254 (2018). Reviewing the Amended Petition, (Doc. No. 4), the Court concludes that it must be amended to cure the below deficiencies if Petitioner wishes to further pursue his claims.

## **DEFICIENCIES IN AMENDED PETITION**

## Amended Petition:

- (a) is not on a Court-approved form
- (b) has possibly been supplemented by other potential claims in other documents filed in this case by Petitioner. (Doc. Nos. 5 & 6.)
- has claims appearing to be based on the illegality of Petitioner's current confinement; however, the petition was apparently not submitted using the legal help Petitioner is entitled to by his institution under the Constitution--e.g., by contract attorneys. *See Lewis v. Casey*, 518 U.S. 343, 356 (1996) (requiring prisoners be given "*'adequate* law libraries or *adequate* assistance from persons trained in the law' . . . to ensure that inmates . . . have a reasonably adequate opportunity to file nonfrivolous legal claims challenging their convictions or conditions of confinement") (quoting *Bounds v. Smith*, 430 U.S. 817, 828 (1977) (emphasis added)).

## INSTRUCTIONS TO PETITIONER

Under Rule 8 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure an initial pleading is required to contain "(1) a short and plain statement of the grounds upon which the court's jurisdiction depends, . . . (2) a short and plain statement of the claim showing that the pleader is entitled to relief, and (3) a demand for judgment for the relief the pleader seeks." Fed. R. Civ. P. 8(a). The requirements of Rule 8(a) are intended to guarantee "that [respondents] enjoy fair notice of what the claims against them are and the grounds upon which they rest." *TV Commc'ns Network, Inc.* v. ESPN, Inc., 767 F. Supp. 1062, 1069 (D. Colo. 1991), aff'd, 964 F.2d 1022 (10th Cir. 1992).

Pro se litigants are not excused from compliance with the minimal pleading requirements of Rule 8. "This is so because a pro se [litigant] requires no special legal training to recount the facts surrounding his alleged injury, and he must provide such facts if the court is to determine whether he makes out a claim on which relief can be granted." *Hall v. Bellmon*, 935 F.2d 1106, 1009 (10th Cir. 1991). Moreover, "it is not the proper function of the Court to assume the role of advocate for a pro se litigant." *Id.* at 1110. Thus, the Court cannot "supply additional facts, [or] construct a legal theory for [petitioner] that assumes facts that have not been pleaded." *Dunn v. White*, 880 F.2d 1188, 1197 (10th Cir. 1989).

Petitioner should consider the following general points before refiling his petition. First, the revised petition must stand entirely on its own and shall not refer to, or incorporate by reference, any portion of the original petition or any other documents previously filed by Petitioner. *See Murray v. Archambo*, 132 F.3d 609, 612 (10th Cir. 1998) (amendment supersedes original). Second, the petitioner must clearly state whom his custodian is and name that person (a warden or ultimate supervisor of an imprisonment facility) as the respondent. *See* 

R. 2, Rs. Governing § 2254 Cases in the U.S. Dist. Courts. Third, Petitioner may generally not

bring civil-rights claims as to the conditions of his confinement in a habeas-corpus petition.

Fourth, any claims about Petitioner's underlying conviction and/or sentencing should be brought

under 28 U.S.C.S. § 2254 (2017); any claims about the execution of Petitioner's sentence should

be brought under id. § 2241. Fifth, Petitioner should seek help to prepare initial pleadings from

legal resources (e.g., contract attorneys) available where he is held.

ORDER

Based on the above, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

(1) Petitioner shall have **THIRTY DAYS** from the date of this order to cure the

deficiencies noted above.

(2) The Clerk's Office shall mail Petitioner a copy of the Pro Se Litigant Guide with a

proper form petition and/or civil-rights complaint for him to complete, according to the

directions.

(3) If Petitioner fails to timely cure the above-noted deficiencies, as instructed here, this

action will be dismissed without further notice.

DATED this 4<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2018.

BY THE COURT:

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